

WOLKITE UNIVERSITY

COLLEGE OF NATURAL AND COMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE

DEPARTMENT OF SPORT SCIENCE

RESEARCH ON THE ROLE OF SPORT AS SOCIO ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN THE CASE OF KILTO GOMORO TWON MISRAK AZERNETE WOREDA SILTE ZONE, SOUTHERN ETHIOPIA

ASENIOR ESSAY SUBMITTED TO WOLKITE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF NATURAL AND COMPUTATIONAL SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF SPORT SCIENCE IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT FOR THE REQUIREMENT OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (B.Sc) DEGREE IN SPORT SCINCE

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APPROVAL SHEET

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This Senior Essay on the above Title was my original work and has not been presented for a degree in any other University, and that all sources used for the senior essay have been dully acknowledged.

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LISTS OF ACRONYMS

CGAC	Common wealth game association of Canada
SFD	sport for development
QCDA	qualification and curriculum development agency
UN	united nation

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ABSTRACT

The study was conducted in Kilt Gomoro Town. The main objective of this study was to assess the socioeconomic developmental tool for Kilt Gomora Town and investigate the major factors that hinder the practical contribution of a sport and achieve this objective, two data gathering tools were used, questionnaire and interview. From the total population, 40 people were sampled as the subject of study *and used to non probability sampling techniques of a particular purposive sampling technique. The gathered data through these tools were carefully analyzed and interpreted and some conclusions were drawn .The data analyzed and interpreted indicate that the practical contribution of a sport in social, economic and physical development in the stated town is insignificant due to lack of adequate professionals in the field of sport ,. Cultural back ground of the community, religious factors and lack of sport center for community service Based on these major findings .It was recommended that the government should work harder than ever before to promote the practical role of a sport by training adequate professionals in the field of a sport. In addition, it was recommended that employees who work in the office of the youth and sport should work harder to create awareness on the contribution of a sport in the society.*

CHAPTER ONE

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Background of the study

People practice sports and physical activities for a variety of reasons, including pleasure, to improve their physical condition and health and to a sense of well-being. Promoting sport to help people achieve these goals is important in itself, but there are other reasons to encourage sport and physical activity in addition to immediate personal benefits.

Sport is considered a real institution with specific rules and internal operating mechanisms. Sport has positive values, if we talk about sports as physical activities for recreational purposes, or used as therapeutic means.

Things are starting to get a different connotation when we talk about performance sports, which, according to many specialists, have become a product, which is intended to be sold as profitably as possible. In a modern economy, sport contributes directly to economic activity; it can be used as a vehicle for generating a wider range of economic activities and social actions, while being a powerful motivating factor for various individuals and groups. In short, sport and physical activity can have major economic and social effects, especially a local or regional level.

Nowadays, both internationally and nationally, the importance of the harmonious development of the society based on the use of the principles of the innovative economy increases, thus increasing the role of the social factors of the economic growth (Soshnikov and B ocean, 2013). In this sense, sports activities have a great significance and a great social potential.

Sport is essential to human development it contributes a lot to the physical, social mental moral and motioning development of human beings .It is considered as a developmental tool for human beings .in addition to these, it is essential in ensuring peace by strange the ring friendship among people. However, as for as the research proposal experience is concerned the contributions sports a tool in human development is in signification due to different factors .Among these factors lack of awareness seems the major one .

In the kilt Gomoro Town where the research proposal is undertaking this study no work has been done to increase individual awareness on the roles and sports in human development. Therefore

this proposal attempts to assess the social, economic and physical development; it also tries to investigate factors that hinder the contribution and sports in the stated area. Sport and physical activity are rapidly gaining recognition as simple, low-cost and effective means of achieving development goals.

Over the past decade UN agencies, international sport federations, international and national non-governmental organizations and national governments have been trying to utilize sport as a tool for development and peace.

(Donnelly, P., et al, 2007) It is apparent from the literature reviewed that understanding the concept of sport for development (SFD) requires a good understanding of two basic underlying concepts i.e. “Development” and “Sport” and how effective the combination and interplay of the two can be as a tool to enhance human and social development.

The Common wealth Games Association of Canada (CGAC) describes development as a concept which is concerned with building a better world. In this context building a better world refer to providing people with opportunities to lead long and healthy lives and enhancing access to resources necessary for a decent standard of living. On the other hand The Commonwealth Games Association of Canada defines sport as encompassing all types of physical activities and all levels of participation. It can be deduced from these two definitions that Sport for Development (SFD) is an attempt to use physical activities to build a better life for people.

In the realm of SFD, sport is regarded as an integral component of social, economic and human development and a necessary underpinning to health and well being. When integrated into the broader framework of development goals, priorities, programs and activities sport can address basic needs and advance sustainable human and social development. (Common wealth games Association of Canada, 2007)

1.2 Statement of the problem

Miss perception of the community, which includes cultural back ground of the community, Religious and lack of sport center for community, services the major problem in kilt Gomoro Town. The outcome of this problem brings to decline economic and social development of status and low community participation is sport practice will have resulted in dramatic fall in per capital economic production. In this study area faces different factors that limit social and economic productivity. So the application of sport practice has the role in reducing the impacts of community perception since community perception was one of the limiting factors for economic and social productivity.

Sport as major sector of development was a lot of contributions for the sustainable development of Ethiopia in general, and kilt Gomoro Town in particular. Those contributions can be social, economical, physical and Biological contributions.

1.3 Research equation

- ✓ What contributions does sport will have been for youth people?
- ✓ What are the factors that hinder the contributions of sport in development?
- ✓ What are the ways of improving individual‘s awareness on the role of sports?

1.4 Objective of the Study

1.4.1 General Objective

The General objective of the study was the role of sport as social and economic development in the case of kilt Gomoro Town.

1.4.2 Specific Objectives

- ✓ To identify the role of sport in social, economic and physical developments of people in kilt Gomoro.
- ✓ To point out challenges that hinders the contribution of sport in social, economic and physical development of people in kilt Gomoro Town.
- ✓ To aware the community about sport in social, economic and physical development of people in kilts Gomoro Town.

1.5 Significance of the study

The Study was some contributions. For instance, it helps to identify the major contributions of sport as a development tool in kilt Gomoro Town.

It helps these researches to point out challenges that hinder the contributions of sport in development of people in kilt Gomoro Town .Moreover; it was additional material for someone who wants to conduct a study on the stated area.

1.6 Delimitation /Scope of the study

It was obvious those carrying out research on very wide scale were not easily manageable and results with poor conclusion for notice of the research. So, the study is delimited to the social economic and physical role of sport as development tool for kilt Gogoro Town.

1.7 Definition of Terms

- ✓ **Delinquency:** is that behavior on the part children which may, under the law subject those children to Illegal or immoral behavior, especially by young people.
- ✓ **Development:** is a process of engaging people's choices and increasing the opportunities available to all members of society. Bases on the principles of inclusion equity and sustainability.
- ✓ **Emphasis** is on the importance of increasing opportunities as well as generation to come
- ✓ **Commission:** a group of people who have been given the official job of finding out something or controlling something the government has set up a commission to suggest improvements to the educational system .
- ✓ **Sports** :- are all forms of physical activity that contribute to physical fitness , mental well being and social nitration.

CHAPTER TWO

2 REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE

2.4 Concept of the role of sport as asocial and economic development

Definition

In area of sport and development, sport is generally understood to inclusive physical activities that go beyond fitness level. In cooperative into the definition of sport are all forms of physical activity that contribute to physical fitness, mental well- being and social interaction. School of sport offers the school community opportunities to build a strong identity and culture of excellence. Traditional values of respect, fairness, responsibility and resilience are developed as part of students' participation.

School sport is often a partnership between the school and local community organizations, which work together to develop students' abilities and foster student aspirations for interesting and rewarding lives. Sport and physical education improve students' concentration, memory, behavior and academic performance. Schools can lift the performance and outcomes for their students by offering programs designed to maximize participation, enjoyment and personal reward. High-performing schools utilize school sport and physical education programs to help motivate students and support learners in their academic work.

This position is supported by growing evidence that sport and physical education have positive influences on student academic achievement. Physical activity has been demonstrated to have a positive effect on concentration, memory and classroom behavior. Students who have increased time participating in sport and physical education have increased academic performance as a result. (François Trudeau and Roy J Shephard, 2008) In addition, studies of the benefits of school sport and physical education has shown that as a result of investing in these activities the schools themselves become 'happier, healthier and more successful; pupils have greater confidence and self-esteem. (Qualifications and Curriculum Development Agency (UK), 2007)

2.2 Social development

Starting from the premise that socialization is the process by which people acquire skills, attitudes, values and behaviors that make them able to participate as members of the society in which they live, through its educational and cultural dimensions, sport is recognized as a strong socializing factor .

Sport offers unique opportunities to meet other people, to communicate, to assume different roles, to acquire moral attitudes such as fair play, tolerance, respect and to live emotions different from other spheres of life and so on.

Through its forms of practice (sports for all, performance sports and adapted sports for people with special needs), sport helps to socialize children, by learning different roles in games, the elderly re-establish contact with the social world, young people value their performances in the competitive social framework, and people with special needs manage to exceed their limits.

Due to its flexibility, sport is an appropriate form of social development, being applicable in cultural, political and economic diversities of different countries. A facet of socializing through sport is its character of spectacle that gathers around it a large number of spectators and viewers from all over the globe.

The spectator's connection with his team or with the sports man, shows that the sport triggers psychological reactions, experiences and special behaviors, going so far as to identify with the athletes in the arena.

We mention the ability of sport to provoke positive social behaviors, to prevent and reduce antisocial attitudes among young people. Sport has as its basic feature the competition with a predominantly competition character, but also a formative character, present both in performance sport and in sport for all (Barbud et al., 2019). Over the course of childhood, children develop as social beings. Social development includes concern for social skills, sociability, pro – social and anti-social attitudes.

Social development comprises such things will be friendship, social ranking, status, power, resection and acceptances, inclusion and exclusion, cooperativeness, aggression and passivity and with drawl and conflict. Many children see sports as the way to make it socially. You can imagine how high the stakes are these individuals to be successfully sports, and what the personal costs can be if they are not (Jagannath Month, 2007)

2.3 Sports as social spaces

Sport programs, when properly supported may be crucial increasing opportunities for social contract that have long been suppressed. Literacy (2005) stressed the importance of creating safe and social spaces or relational spaces and encourages the peace – builder to draw attention to draw attention to markers, hospitals, and schools, street corner, cattle dips; youth soccer clubs the hits interminable and different in every context.

Sport's value as a social connector is one of its most powerful development attributes. Sport is an inherently social process bringing together players, teams, coaches, volunteers and spectators. Sport creates extensive horizontal webs of relationships at the community level, and vertical links to national governments, sport federations, and international organizations for funding and other forms of support. These community sport networks, when inclusive, are an important source of social networking, helping to combat exclusion and fostering community capacity to work collectively to realize opportunities and address challenges.

Programs that reflect the best values of sport — fair play, teamwork, cooperation, respect for opponents, and inclusion — reinforce this process by helping participants to acquire values and life skills consistent with positive social relationships, collaborative action, and mutual support. If the population involved is broadly inclusive, sport's connecting dimension can help to unify people from diverse backgrounds and perspectives, establishing a shared bond that contributes positively to social cohesion. For this reason, sport has long been used as a means to promote national unity and harmony within and across nations.

2.4 Sport as social construct

Sudden(2005)reminds us that sport is essentially good nor bias, it is asocial construct and its role and function depends largely on what make of it and how it is consumed.

2.5 Sport and sustainable human development

Central to the united nations of development, in case of human development which recognizes the opportunities available to all members of society. Human development the ability of feature development generation are meet without compromising the ability off feature generation to meet their own needs, and human development requires that peoples choices are enlarged, necessary to live long and fulfilling lives well designed sport programs work to assist meeting the objectives of

sustainable human development t by contributing to economic and social development and environmental sustainability.

2.6 Sport and economic development

Sport is defined as a factor with major impact on economic growth and the creation of new jobs. Sport is a tool for local and regional development, urban regeneration or rural development. The sport benefits from synergies with the sectors: tourism, financial, infrastructure, based on partnerships that

can be concluded with other sectors of activity that lead to the creation of new sports bases (Stroe and Bar bud, 2006).Sport is often closely linked to the private business sector, which is normally geared towards short-term profit, which is at odds with conservation. In areas with potential and demand for sport, planning and monitoring can provide strong support for the sustainable develop communities based on sport and physical education .At the same time, from a cost point of view, the (professional) performance sport often exceeds the amateur sport.

From the economic activity point view professional sport offers for consumers and entertainment services, and the spectators obtain psychological satisfaction from the consumption of these services and, therefore, they are ready to pay for it. At the same time, the higher the quality of the services provided (which is expressed in the prestige of the competition), the higher the price Sport is an important economic enterprise that bring benefits in other areas of society, based on competent management (Constantinescu, 2008).Generally speaking, sport aims on the one hand services, infrastructure, material goods and on the other hand, the commercialization of the phenomenon on three levels:

1. The transformation of some sporting events, clubs and sportsmen, into value broad.
2. Increasing importance of sport as a source of profit for the business environment through sponsorships, marketing right.
3. Broad casting rights; development of sports-related businesses - sports equipment, materials and Sports facilities.

The present active commercialization of the sport, forced its transformation, into one of the most intensely developed types of business .This fact facilitates a new visualization of sports activities

through the intensification of research in the field of sports organizations management (Florae et al., 2018). All over the world, the increased social-political significance of the physical culture and sport, condition the active participation of the state in the economic-financial support of sports organizations (Apostu et al., 2010).As society develops, physical activity and sport, increasingly, penetrate into all spheres of human life, becoming one of the most significant and integral parts of the vital activity of world civilization (Barbud, 2009).

Currently, millions of people live a healthy lifestyle in all countries of the world, whose component is practicing physical activity and improving health participating in sports competitions. In the last decades, with gigantic rhythms, the sport of performance has developed; gradually becoming a real industry of spectacular sporting events. Sport began as a leisure time activity reserved only for a few declared amateurs. In the 20th century however it has become a social phenomenon for the masses. In industrial countries sport has developed into its own economic branch contributing about two percent to gross domestic product (GDP).

Today's challenge is to make sport an economic factor also in less developed countries. The whole world is waiting expectantly for this event – the 19th football World Cup which is set to kick off at the beginning of June 2010 at "Soccer City" stadium in Johannesburg, South Africa. For the first time in its history, the world's biggest sporting event, besides the summer Olympic Games, will take place in Africa. Hundreds of millions of dollars will be spent to organize this event and many people may well be asking if this money could not have been better spent on something else. But the organizers have already announced high economic returns as well as many job opportunities during the years of preparation alone.

And media attention is expected to be huge. During the months of June and July of 2006, the attention of all the media will be concentrating on South Africa. Thousands of journalists will be covering the matches, as well as visiting the eleven cities in charge of the games and reporting on the country and its people. This coverage will entice tourists to visit the region long after the World Cup; and if everything goes well, the world will see the capacities that South Africa has to offer, which in the end will have positive, long term economic effects for this country. Obviously, this example can be disputed when looking at its significance compared to that of the development of any particular country.

Aren't there any other needs that are more important to the country's people? We just have to think back to the graffiti sprayed on a stadium wall at the 1986 World Cup in Mexico: "No queremos gales, queremos frijoles." ("We don't want goals, we want beans"). Nevertheless, we can see the potential economic boost that hosting sporting events can give to less developed nations in an era of globalization. South Africa, for example, recently adopted a public policy to systematically organize international sporting events, such as the Olympic Games.

In the past, rising economic powers such as Japan (who hosted the games in Tokyo in 1964), Korea (Seoul 1988), and China (Beijing 2008) have already taken the same path. All young people in Africa and on other continents will be riveted by the World Cup broadcasts (if they have access to a television) and will undoubtedly be able to identify with its stars. Once the games are over, they will probably find themselves kicking a ball around with their friends on an improvised pitch. Some of them will even begin practicing football more seriously at local sporting centres and clubs in hopes that one day they will be able to play at the highest levels of competition in their nation or even score the winning goal for their country at the World Cup.

2.7 Physical development

Children develop in physical capability and acquire a perspective to ward themselves as physical beings. They may come to cherish and enhance theme selves physically and integrate their total well being .Pushing children to acquire physical skill more quickly them developmentally appropriate and emphasizing comparisons with older youths can lesson children's Optimism about their own abilities and their motivation to use and expanded their physical abilities. jagannath mohath(2007)

2.8 Mental Development

A crucial task of child hood is to mature mentally .Fundamentally mental / other terms Intellectual, Cognitive /development are growth is one's capability to think abstractedly .it is the ability to use mind effectively. To reason, to analyze to create, to solve problems, and to make assessments and then to use the results of one's actions some situations teach children things and help them learn to do things (Jagannath mohanth, 2007).

2.9 Moral Development

Over time, children became moral people. The take on a sense of right and wrong they on fairness and justice and justice and the rights of others. They become concerned about others and feel

responsible for their welfare or they don't they become kind and decent and tolerance people or the dishonest people (Jagannath Mohanth, 2007).

2.10 Sport and Peace

The potential links between sport and peace are also powerful from international events to the grass roots; sport brings people together in a way that can cross boundaries and break down barriers moving the playing field a simple and often apolitical site for initiating contact between antagonistic groups consequently sport can be an ideal forum for resuming social dialogue and bridging divides high lighting the similarities between people and breaking down prejudice (www Right to play. Com).

Sport for Development and Peace refers to the intentional use of sport, physical activity and play to attain specific development and peace objectives, including, most notably, the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). Successful Sport for Development and Peace programs work to realize the right of all members of society to participate in sport and leisure activities. Effective programs intentionally give priority to development objectives and are carefully designed to be inclusive. These programs embody the best values of sport while upholding the quality and integrity of the sport experience.

Strong Sport for Development and Peace programs combine sport and play with other non-sport components to enhance their effectiveness. They are delivered in an integrated manner with other local, regional and national development and peace initiatives so that they are mutually reinforcing. Programs seek to empower participants and communities by engaging them in the design and delivery of activities, building local capacity, adhering to generally accepted principles of transparency and accountability, and pursuing sustainability through collaboration, partnerships and coordinated action.

While Sport for Development and Peace is widely seen as an emerging field in the area of development, its antecedents can be traced back to antiquity when the Olympic Truce was first used to establish temporary peace between warring states, to allow for competition among their athletes. advancement of Sport for Development and Peace from the post-World War II period to the present, demonstrating growing international momentum in support of sport's development potential. A more detailed outline of key Sport for Development and Peace milestones, highlighting the progression in thinking about sport and its value to society

2.11 development and peace stakeholders

Sport for Development and Peace is an international movement that embraces a broad cross-section of stakeholders from government, local and international non-governmental organizations (NGOs), the sport community, multilateral institutions, business and academia. Through the combined efforts of all these actors, Sport for Development and Peace has emerged as a significant new development field and demonstrates growing momentum around the world.

Few Sports for Development and Peace initiatives involve just one sector. Most involve cross-sectoral collaborations and partnerships designed to harness critical expertise, leverage resources, deepen impact, develop local capacity and foster long-term sustainability. Cross-sectoral collaboration is evident within the Sport for Development and Peace community. For example, resource-sharing facilitated by the online web resource on Sport for Development and Peace (the International Platform on Sport and Development) features contributions and news from all sectors, while the Magglingen and Next Step conferences have brought together highly diverse stakeholders to share experiences and knowledge within and across sectors related to Sport for Development and Peace issues.

Factors that affect sport in a given community

- ✓ Cultural back ground of the community
- ✓ Religious factors
- ✓ Lack of sport center for community service
- ✓ Lack of human professional in sport

CHAPTER THREE

3. METHODOLOGY

3.1 Description of Study Area

Geographically, kilt GomoroTwon, is found in Misrak Azernate Wereda Silte zone, SNNPR, Ethiopia. Kilt Gogoro Town, located at 217 km from Addis Ababa and 45 km from Worabe town. This study area has been annual average temperature 28°c. The annual rainfall is about 857.4mm and elevation of the Kilt Gogoro Town is 1697m above the sea level is located at north Gurage, south Hadiya zone, East Hulbarag woreda and west Mirab azernet.

3.2The Study Design

For the purpose of study the researcher was used descriptive survey research method was applied by using questionnaires and interview to collect information about the study was the role of sport as social and economic development in the case of Kilt Gomoro Town.

3.3The Subject of The study

The total populations of the study based on 1999 E.C population and housing census, the district areas of Kilt Gomoro Town are reached 8420. Among these populations the researcher was selected 40 people sample as the subject of the study**.**

3.4 Samples and sampling Techniques

The sample size of the population was 40 people taking from the communities of Kilt Gomoro Town peoples the researcher used non portability sampling techniques, particularly purposive sampling techniques.

.3.5 Source of data

The researcher was used both primary and secondary source of data. Primary source data were gathered through the Questionnaires from Kilt Gomoro people of the study area. Secondary source of gathered from different written material, published, , internet, and different book.

3.6 Method of data collection

To gather relevant Data the researcher was used questionnaires and interview, both open and close ended questionnaires were prepared in English language and converts in to Amharic then the community understood the questions very easily.

3.6.1. Questionairaries

To collect a wide range of data from a large number of respondents, the researcher used questionnaire .To do this, the researcher prepared, duplicated and distributed the questionnaire for the sampled groups. Then, the respondents filled and returned the questionnaire to the researcher.

3.6.2 Interview

Interview was the second data gathering tool to be used .This instrument was selected to get detailed information from the respondents .In doing this, the researcher prepared both close ended and open –ended interviews and interviewed the resonance.

3.7 Data Analysis

Data analyzed by qualitative and quantitative data analysis. Data collected close ended questions are analyze by quantitative form of the table and percentages. Data collect open ended questionnaires are observation and analyzed by qualitative form of explanation.

3.8 Ethical consideration

Gathering of data will have carried out with full consent of society and some officials of kilt Gomoro. Before caring out the proposal, the study objectives will have clearly explained to the individuals and officials, who have participate in the interview and questionnaires. The aims of the study will have not evaluated or blamed any individuals. Each of respondents have agree that the information has confidentially provided and used only for the purpose of proposal study.

CHAPTER FOUR

4. ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION DATA

4.1 Socioeconomic -demographic characteristics of respondents

This section of the study deals with analysis of data which were gathered from 40 respondents using questionnaire on the topic the role of sport as social and economic development in the case of Kilt Gomoro Town. In Misrak Azernate Wereda Silte zone, Southern Ethiopia. All of the questioners distributed for the respondents were collected. This chapter deals with the presentation and analysis of data gathered from the ground through questionnaire and interview

Table 1. Respondent response rate

NO	**I**	**Response rate**	
		Number	**Percent**
1	Sample size	**40**	**100%**
2	Collected	**40**	**100**
3	Remain uncollected	**__**	**___**

Response Rate shown in Table 1 represents out of 40 distributed questions all of questioners 40(100%) were collected.

Table 2- Demographic profile of respondents

No	Variables	Frequency N=40	Percentage (%)
1	Sex of respondents		
	Male	40	100(%)
2	Age of respondents		
	Age 15-25	10	25(%)
	Age 26-36	25	62.5(%)
	Age b/n 37-47	5	12.5(%)
	Total	40	100(%)
3	Marital status of the respondents		
	Single	5	12.5
	Married	33	82.5
	Divorced	2	5
	Total	40	100
4	Educational background		
	Illiterate(0) class	29	72.5
	Elementary(1-8) class	9	22.5
	High school(9-12)	1	2.5
	Grade 12 and above	1	2.5
	Total	**40**	**100**

4.2 Analysis of data obtained through Questionnaire

Table 3: Respondents answer regarding a sport as a tool for social development

No	Question {Item}	R response	N frequency	Percentage %
1	Does a sport have contribution in social development	A Yes	40	100%
		B No	0	0%

Table one shows that 100% of the respondents responded that a sport has a great contribution in social development in that it strengthens friendship, acts as peace builder, enhances social respect they added that a sport plays a great role as its aim is to create disciple society

Table 4: Respondents responses regarding sport as a tool for economic development

	Question	Response	Frequency	Percentage %
2	Does a sport have contribution in economic development	A. YES	38	95%
		B. .NO	2	5%
			40	100%

From Table two above, 95 % of the respondents responded that sport has a great contribution in economic development where as only 5% of them responded that it has no contribution regarding the how? Question they responded that it plays a great role by producing healthy work forces that increase productivity. In addition, they responded that it contributes to economic development by teaching core skill essential for the work place such as team work, leadership discipline. Furthermore, sport and physical activities also provide one of the most cost effective forms of preventive medicine with the potential to dramatically cut a care cost.

Table5: Respondents responses regarding the contribution of sport as tool for physical development

No	Question	Response	frequency	Percentage
3	Does a sport have contribution in human physical development	A. Yes B. No	40 0	100% 0%

As shown in table three above 100% of the respondents responded that a sport has a greets contribution in human physical development Regarding the how question they responded, that a sport contributes a lot to human physical development in that participants in sport have significant physical benefits as a sport makes people physically strong and healthy In addition, it helps to have good physical appearance.

Table 6: Respondent response regarding people's (society's aware nests an sport

No	Question	Response	Frequency	Percentage %
4	Do the societies have awareness on the contribution of sport in human social, economic and physical development?	A Yes B NO	25 15 40	62.5% 37.5% 100%

As indicated in table four above 100% of the respondents witnessed that they society do not have awareness on the contribution of sport as a tool for human social, economic and physical development. They reasoned out that there are no sufficient professionals even in school who create the contribution of sport in human development in the society in general and in schools in particular. From this data, it is possible to say that the government is not working harder to train sports professionals who can create awareness on the contribution of sport in the society so that the

society can benefit from sport. Therefore, the government should work harder to train professionals in sport so that they in turn train the society.

Table 7 : Respondent response regarding people's (community practical benefits from the contribution of sport?

No	Question	Response	frequency	Percentage %
5	IS your community practically benefit from the contribution of a sport	A Yes	15	37.5%
		B NO	25	63.5%
			40	100%

As shown in table five above 100% of the respondents responded that a sport has poor physical exercise practical and do not understanding the contribution in human physical development Regarding the how question they responded, that a sport contributes a lot to human physical development in that participants in sport have significant physical benefits as a sport makes people physically strong and healthy In addition, it helps to have good physical appearance

Table 8: Respondents response regarding factors that affect contribution of sport in human development

No	Question	Responses	Frequency	percentage%
6	What are the major factors that hinder the contribution of sport?	A. lack of professionals	10	25%
		lack of sport center for community service	10	25%
		C religious factors	15	37.5%
		D cultural back ground of the community	5	12.5%
	Total		**40**	**100 %**

AS shown in the above table 100% of the sampled groups frankly responded that the community is not practically benefitting from the contribution of sports. In addition, they responded that factors like lack of professional manpower in the field of sport, lack of sport center for community service, on the contributions of sport and lack of sports in human development. From the data given in table 6 above one can conclude that the practical contribution of sport hasn't been attained yet in Kilt Gomoro Town. Therefore, the government should work harder to train as many professionals as possible in the field as the work done in the area is still insignificant.

4.3 Analysis of data gathered through Interviews

- ✓ **DO you think that sport has some contribution in social development? If your answer is yes in what case?**

Regarding this question, all the respondents responded that sport has contribution in social development? To the how? Question they responded that it plays a great role in strengthening friend ship, in ensuring peace, in developing social respect among the society.

- ✓ **What is the contribution of sport in economic development?**

Regarding the contribution of sport as a tool for economic development, they said that it plays significant role in economic development by producing healthy work forces that can increase productivity. In addition, it is used to teach core skills which are essential for the work place such as the skill of teamwork and leadership discipline.

- ✓ **What do for think about the contribution of sport in human physical development?**

Regarding this question, they answered that sport has a significant role in human physical development in that it makes the participants fit.

- ✓ **Does the society know the contribution sport as social, economic and physical development?**

Regarding the awareness of people on the contribution of sport in human social, economic sand physical development, the respondents frankly witnessed that the society don not have awareness on the contribution of sport .They frankly added that the work done to make the society aware is not enough. They added that there are no adequate professionals in the town in general and in schools in particular.

- ✓ **What are the major factors that hinder the contribution of sport?**

Concerning this question, they answered that factors such as inadequate professionals in sport**,** cultural back ground of the community , religious factors and lack of sport center for community service are the major factors that hinder the developments and contribution of sport.

CHAPTER FIVE

5. SUMMARY CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDEDACTIONS

5.1 Summary

The study was conducted to assess the social, economic and physical role of sports as a developmental tool for Kilt Gomoro society. The main objective of the study was to investigate the major contribution of sports in developments. To achieve this objective, data were collected using two data gathering tools questionnaire and interview were used. The data gathered through these tools were carefully analyzed and some conclusions were drawn.

5.2 Conclusions

From, the data presented analyzed and interpreted in chapter 4 of this researcher paper, the researcher drew the following conclusions.

It was concluded that a sport contributes a lot to human development in different ways. For instance,

- ✓ It was found out that it contributed to social development in that it strengthens friends' ship, ensures peace and encourage social respect.
- ✓ Enhances economic development by producing healthy work forces that can increase productivity and by teaching core skills essential for the work place such as team work and leadership discipline.
- ✓ It was a great role in human physical development in that participants in sports have makes people physically strong and healthy.
- ✓ It helps the participants to have good physical appearances (posture). ,
- ✓ The practical contribution of sport in Kilt Gomoro Town is insignificant due to some factors. One of the factors that hinder the practical contribution of sport in social, economic and physical development is lack of adequate sport professional that can create awareness a who can train the society. Another factor that hinders the practical contribution of a sport is cultural back ground of the community, religious factors and **lack** of sport center for community service in the society that hinder the contribution of sport. From this it was concluded that the work done in the field of sport hasn't been attained.

5.3 Recommendation

Based on the major finding, the researcher for warded the following recommended actions:

- ✓ The government should work harder to ensure the practical contribution for sport developed.
- ✓ To promote human skill development by training adequate professional in the field of sport as the current research.
- ✓ The government should fulfill different sport equipment that promotes the development of practical sport.
- ✓ Employees who work in the office of the youth and sport should work harder
- ✓ To create awareness in the society that contribution of sport in social, economic and physical development and they were practically benefited from a sport.
- ✓ To develop technical support from skill man power (instructors) due to community service.

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Appendix A: Respondents Question

Dear respondents .The main objectives of this questionnaire to as the social ,economic and physics role of a sport as a developmental tool for Kilt town and to investigate factors that affect the practical contribution of sport therefore the proposal kindly requests four equine responses

Direction; please choose and circle one from the other and give your written responses on the space provided

1. Does a sport will have be contribution social development? A yes B. No
2. If your answer for question is yes how

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3. Does a sport have contribution in economic development? A yes B. No
4. If your answer question 3 is yes how? please write your responses

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5. Does a sport have contribution in human physical development? A. yes B. No
6. If your answer for questions 5 is yes how please write your answer here

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7. Do the society haven awareness on the contribution of sport in human social economic and physical development

   A. Yes B. No
8. If your answer for question 7 is No, please mention the reason

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9. Is your community practically benefiting from the contribution of a sport

   A. Yes B. No

10. What are the major factors that hinder the practical contribution of a sport? Please write your responds

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Appendix B: Interviews for office of the young and sport

Dear respondent the main objective of this interview is to assess the contribution of a sport in human development and to investigate the major factors that hinder the practical contribution of a sport in such development. Therefore the researcher kindly requests responses,

1. Do you think that a sport will be some contribution in social economic and physical development? If your answer is yes in what case?
2. What is the contribution of a sport in human economic development
3. What do you think about the contribution of a sport in human physical development?
4. Does the society know the contribution of a sport in social economical physical development?
5. What are the major factors that hinder the contribution of a sport?